

# Analysis of Moraxella catarrhalis Outer Membrane Protein Profiles

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[Abstract] Phenotypes observed for certain *Moraxella catarrhalis* wild-type strains or mutants may be caused by a variety of factors including alteration of outer membrane protein composition. Examination of the outer membrane protein profiles may be a valuable tool to identify changes in outer membrane compositions of these strains. Here we describe a method to isolate and analyse *M. catarrhalis* fractions highly enriched for membrane proteins.

## **Materials and Reagents**

- 1. Brain heart infusion (BHI) (Becton Dickinson and Company, catalog number: 237500) broth and BHI agar plates
- 2. Antibiotics
  - e.g. spectinomycin or kanamycin (Merck KgaA, Calbiochem, catalog numbers: 567570-10 and 420311-5)
- 3. PBS
- 4. Bovine skin gelatin (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: G9382-100G)
- 5. ReadyPrep Protein Extraction Kit (membrane I) (Bio-Rad, catalog number: 1632088)
- 6. Glass beads, acid-washed (150-212 μm) (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: G1145)
- 7. 2D-Quant Kit (General Electric Company, catalog number: 80-6483-56)
- 8. Mini-protean TGX precast gels, 4-15% (Bio-Rad, catalog number: 456-1083)
- 9. Colloidal Coomassie staining (Pink et al., 2012)

## **Equipment**

- 1. CO<sub>2</sub> incubator
- 2. Benchtop Incubator Shaker
- 3. Centrifuge
- 4. TissueLyser LT (QIAGEN, model: 85600)



## **Procedure**

- 1. *M. catarrhalis* strains were inoculated on brain heart infusion (BHI) plates (supplemented with antibiotics when appropriate), and grown overnight at 37 °C in an atmosphere containing 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.
- 2. Bacteria were harvested from plate and resuspended in PBS supplemented with 0.15% gelatin (PBS-G). This suspension was used to inoculate BHI broth to an  $OD_{620}$  nm of  $\sim$  0.05 and grown at 37 °C at 200-250 rpm until  $OD_{620}$  nm of 1.0 to 1.2 (mid-log). Use of different growth media is possible, but may affect outer membrane protein profiles. Always use the same growth media when comparing outer membrane protein profiles of different strains.
- 3. Subsequently, bacteria were harvested by centrifugation for 10 minutes at 3,200 *x g*.
- 4. Outer membranes were isolated using the ReadyPrep Membrane I kit according to manufacturer's instructions.
- 5. During the lysis procedure, 50 mg acid-washed glass beads (150-212  $\mu$ m) were added for homogenization with the TissueLyser LT. The TissueLyser was operated 5 times for 1 minute at 50 Hz.
- 6. Suspensions were chilled on ice for 1 minute between every TissueLyser step.
- 7. Protein quantification was performed using the 2D-Quant Kit according to manufacturer's instructions.
- 8. Five microgram of outer membrane preparations were separated on a 4-15% TGX gel and analyzed by colloidal Coomassie staining (Pink *et al.*, 2010).

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#### References

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- 2. Pink, M., Verma, N., Rettenmeier, A. W. and Schmitz-Spanke, S. (2010). <u>CBB staining protocol with higher sensitivity and mass spectrometric compatibility.</u> Electrophoresis 31(4): 593-598.