

Immunoprecipitation for Cell Culture

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[Abstract] Immunoprecipitation (IP) is a method to pull down a protein out of solution using an antibody that specifically binds to that particular protein. Immunoprecipitation is a powerful technique to isolate and concentrate a particular protein from a sample containing many thousands of different proteins, to test protein-protein interactions, and to pull multiple members of a complex out of solution by latching onto one member with an antibody. This protocol describes a general immunoprecipitation strategy using cell cultures as starting material.

Materials and Reagents

- HeLa S3 and HeLa cells were cultured in Dulbecco's modified Eagles Medium containing 10% fetal bovine serum (Invitrogen) and antibiotics
- 2. Protein A beads (Bio-Rad Laboratories); Protein G beads (Santa Cruz Biotechnology)

 Note: For rabbit polyclonal antibodies and mouse monoclonal antibodies IgG2a, IgG2b,
 IgG3, we usually couple antibodies to protein A beads; For mouse monoclonal antibodies
 IgG1, rat monoclonal antibodies, and mouse, rat, goat, and donkey polyclonal antibodies,
 we usually couple antibodies to protein G beads.
- 3. Bifunctional cross-linker dimethyl pimelimidate (DMP) (MW: 259.177) (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: D8388)
- 4. Phosphate buffered saline (PBS)
- 5. Tween 20
- 6. Triton X-100
- 7. Sodium borate (pH 9.0)
- 8. Hepes
- 9. KCI
- 10. NaN₃
- 11. NP-40
- 12. Glycerol
- 13. EGTA
- 14. MgCl₂
- 15. DTT



- 16. Microcystin
- 17. Leupeptin
- 18. Pepstatin
- 19. Chymostatin
- 20. β-mercaptoethanol
- 21. Bromophenol blue
- 22. PBST buffer (see Recipes)
- 23. Lysis buffer (see Recipes)
- 24. 1x SDS protein gel sample loading buffer (see Recipes)

Equipment

- 1. Hematology/chemistry mixer (Fisher Scientific)
- 2. Centrifuge (Eppendorf 5415D centrifuge)
- 3. Incubator

Procedure

- A. Coupling antibody to Protein A beads
 - 1. Wash 30 µl beads with 20 fold volume (20 vol) PBS or PBST twice.

Notes:

- a. For washing beads, we usually add buffer to the beads, mix in the tube several times, spin down the beads, and remove the supernatant.
- b. Spin down the beads at 4,000 rpm, 30 sec.
- c. We usually couple 1 µg antibody with 3 µl beads. If beads are stored in 1: 1 storing buffer, thus take 6 µl of the suspension of beads and buffer.
- 2. Dilute 10 µg antibody in 100 µl PBS.
- 3. Add diluted antibody to beads, rotate on the Hematology/chemistry mixer equipment for 1 h at room temperature (RT).
- 4. Spin down beads, wash and resuspend in 20 vol 0.2 M sodium borate (pH 9.0).
- 5. Add 20 mM DMP to crosslink the antibody to the beads.
 - Note: We usually take dry DMP powder directly (DMP powder is stored at 4 °C) and add 5.2 mg DMP per 1 ml total sodium borate suspension.
- 6. Incubate DMP in the sodium borate for 30 min, rotate, RT.
- 7. Spin down the bead and wash once with 20 vol 1 M Tris-HCl (pH 7.7).
- 8. Spin down the bead and resuspend in 20 vol 1 M Tris-HCl (pH 7.7). Incubate for 2 h, rotate, RT, to quench the activity of DMP.



- 9. Spin down beads and wash with PBS twice.
- 10. Spin down the beads and store antibody coupled beads in 60 μl PBS (33% beads), add 0.05% NaN₃. Store the beads at 4 °C for a couple of months.

B. Lysis of cells

- 11. Lyse the cells in 7 vol lysis buffer.
- 12. Put the lysis solution on ice for 30 min to 1 h.
- 13. Centrifuge the lysis solution at 13,000 rpm for 10 min, 4 °C.
- 14. Transfer supernatants. The supernatants can be stores at -80 °C for future use.

C. Coimmunoprecipitation

- 15. Incubate 3 μ l antibody coupled beads in 250 μ l cell lysis supernatants, rotate overnight at 4 °C.
- 16. Wash beads 4 times with 20 vol lysis buffer containing 500 mM KCl and 0.5 % NP-40, and wash once with lysis buffer.
 - Note: For wash beads, we usually add buffer to the beads, mix the tube several times, spin down the beads, and remove the supernatant.
- 17. Elute protein with 1x SDS protein gel sample loading buffer, separated by SDS-PAGE (5-15%) and analyze by western blot.

Recipes

- 1. PBST buffer
 - PBS plus 0.1 % Tween 20 or 0.1 % Triton X-100
- 2. Lysis buffer
 - 50 mM Hepes (pH 7.4)
 - 200 mM KCI
 - 0.3% NP-40
 - 10% glycerol
 - 1 mM EGTA
 - 1 mM MgCl₂
 - 0.5 mM DTT
 - 0.5 µM microcystin
 - 10 µg/ml each of leupeptin, pepstatin, and chymostatin
- 3. 1x SDS protein gel sample loading buffer
 - 50 mM Tris-HCI (pH 6.8)
 - 2% SDS



10% glycerol1% β-mercaptoethanol12.5 mM EDTA0.02 % bromophenol blue

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References

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