

Quantitative Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) to Measure Serum Levels of Murine Anti-cardiolipin Antibodies [1]

Zheng Liu*

The Feinstein Institute for Medical Research, Manhasset, NY, USA

*For correspondence: zl2119@caa.columbia.edu

[Abstract] The circulating anticardiolipin antibody is a hallmark of antiphospholipid syndrome. It also appears in a number of autoimmune mouse models and is indicative of the break of tolerance against self antigens. This protocol describes a reliable method to determine the relative serum titer of anticardiolipin in autoimmune mouse models.

Materials and Reagents

1. Cardiolipin (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: C0563)
2. Ethanol
3. Phosphate buffered saline (PBS)
4. Tween 20
5. Na₂HPO₄ (anhydrous)
6. NaH₂PO₄ (anhydrous)
7. NaCl
8. Fetal bovine serum (FBS) (Hyclone)
9. Bovine serum albumin (BSA)
10. Horseradish peroxidase (HRP) conjugated goat anti-mouse isotype specific antibodies [Southern Biotech, catalog number: 1040-05 (IgA); 1030-05 (IgG); 1021-05 (IgM)]
11. ABTS Peroxidase Substrate Solution A and B (Kirkegaard & Perry Laboratories, catalog number: 50-62-01)
12. ABTS Peroxidase Stop Solution (Kirkegaard & Perry Laboratories, catalog number: 50-85-01)
13. 10x PBS-Tween 20 (see Recipes)
14. Blocking solution (see Recipes)

Equipment

1. Standard bench-top centrifuge

2. Immulon 2HB plates (Fisher Scientific, catalog number: 14-245-61)
3. ELISA reader

Procedure

1. Add 100 μ l/well of 75 μ g/ml cardiolipin in ethanol to an Immulon 2HB plate and allow it to dry at room temperature.
2. Add 100 μ l of blocking solution per well and block the plate at room temperature (RT) for 90 min.

Note: FBS is the source of beta glycoprotein I.

3. Discard the blocking solution and wash the plate four times with 120 μ l/well PBS.

Note: Washes can be done with an ELISA plate washer or by manually pipeting in and out PBS.

4. Dilute the mouse serum in 1% BSA in PBS and add 100 μ l/well in duplicates or triplicates to the plate.

Note: A 1:500 dilution generally gave us optimal results of serum levels of anti-cardiolipin in 12-22 week old male and female NZW x BXSB F1 mice. Titration is recommended to achieve optimal detection.

5. Make serial dilutions of a high titer serum sample and add the serial dilution to the plate.

6. Incubate the plate at 37 °C for 2 h.

7. Discard the diluted serum and wash the plate with 1x PBS-Tween 10 times.

8. Add 100 μ l/well of HRP conjugated goat anti-mouse isotype specific antibodies (1/4,000 in 1% BSA/PBS) to the plate and incubate at 37 °C for 1 h.

9. Wash the plate with 1x PBS-Tween 10 times.

10. Add 100 μ l/well of 1:1 mix of ABTS Peroxidase Substrate Solution A and B to the plate.

11. Develop the plate at RT in dark. Incubation times will vary depending on your assay.

12. Stop the reaction by adding 100 μ l/well of ABTS Peroxidase Stop Solution.

Note: The plate needs to be read within 30 min once the reaction is stopped.

13. Read the plate using an ELISA reader with a wavelength of 410 nm.

14. Calculate the concentration of the serum samples using the standard curve established with the serial dilutions of the high titer serum sample.

Recipes

1. 10x PBS-Tween 20 [0.1 M PBS, 0.5% Tween 20 (pH 7.4)]
Na₂HPO₄ (anhydrous) 10.9 g

NaH ₂ PO ₄ (anhydrous)	3.2 g
NaCl	90 g
Distilled water	1,000 ml

Mix to dissolve and adjust pH to 7.4 and then add 5 ml of Tween 20, store this solution at RT. Dilute 1:10 with distilled water before use and adjust pH if necessary.

2. Blocking solution
5% FBS and 3% BSA in PBS

Acknowledgments

This protocol was developed or modified in Dr. Anne Davidson's lab at Feinstein Institute for Medical Research, NY, USA. This work was supported by grants from the NY SLE Foundation (RB), Rheuminations, NIH AI082037 and AR 049938-01, NIH (PO1 AI51392 and the Flow Cytometry and Protein Expression and Tetramer Cores of PO1 AI51392).

References

1. Kahn, P., Ramanujam, M., Bethunaickan, R., Huang, W., Tao, H., Madaio, M. P., Factor, S. M. and Davidson, A. (2008). [Prevention of murine antiphospholipid syndrome by BAFF blockade](#). *Arthritis Rheum* 58(9): 2824-2834.